A misdiagnosed abdominal tumor due to rare cause

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doi: 10.21037/hbsn.2020.04.05
View this article at: http://dx.doi.org/10.21037/hbsn.2020.04.05

Due to 3-day dull pain in the right upper abdomen, a 41-year-old woman was admitted to the hospital. She had normal diet, bowel movement and no nausea or vomiting. Physical examination and laboratory tests were normal. Enhanced CT scan of the abdomen suggested a huge mass (10 cm diameter) at the pancreatic head that infringed the duodenum and hepatic colon flexure; intratumoral bleeding was noted (Panel A). Three year ago, she had undergone a local chest wall resection for dermatofibrosarcoma protuberans (DFSP). We hypothesized that the clinical diagnosis could be pancreatic or colon cancer.

Ultimately, pancreaticoduodenectomy and right hemicolecctomy were performed to resect the tumor completely (Panel B). The pathological examination confirmed the diagnosis as metastasis of DFSP to the pancreas (Panel C, staining method HE, magnification 40×10). The tumor had invaded the duodenum and colon serosa, and was accompanied with extensive intratumoral bleeding. The patient recovered successfully and was discharged on the 13th day.
Acknowledgments

Funding: None.

Footnote

Conflicts of Interest: The authors have completed the ICMJE uniform disclosure form. The authors have no conflicts of interest to declare.

Ethical Statement: The authors are accountable for all aspects of the work in ensuring that questions related to the accuracy or integrity of any part of the work are appropriately investigated and resolved.

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Cite this article as: Jia B, Liu Y. A misdiagnosed abdominal tumor due to rare cause. Hepatobiliary Surg Nutr 2020. doi: 10.21037/hbsn.2020.04.05